

SUB SKILLS OF LISTENING

The language skills of speaking, listening, writing and reading are often divided into sub-skills, which are specific behaviours that language users do, in order to be effective in each of the skills.

For example the learners developing the skill of listening need to have the sub-skill of being able to recognize contracted forms in connected speech and understanding gist in listening.

The following are the sub-skills of listening which are otherwise sequentially placed phases of listening.

1. Hearing - (with sense);
2. Attending (reacting);
3. Listening (with mind);

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4. Comprehending (grasping) ;
 5. Discriminating (selecting) ;
 6. Interpreting (reading between the lines) ;
 7. Analyzing (examine , judge) ;
 8. Responding (Counter acting) ;
 9. Retaining (preserve , maintain) ; and
 10. Applying (relating) .